

examination of the defendant. Under the law he cannot testify without an express waiver from the man who was his patient.

Jerome's Affidavit.
Mr. Jerome's affidavit, submitted today, embraced the opinion of his seven experts who have heretofore testified and a statement by Dr. J. C. Cobb, a newspaper reporter, who gave the text of the statement which Thaw issued at the conclusion of Mr. Jerome's long and severe cross-examination of his wife.

Mr. Jerome, in presenting his affidavit, called particular attention to the one signed by Dr. Carlos F. McDonald, who, after reciting what he has witnessed in court, his observations of Thaw immediately after the tragedy, and what he has learned as to epilepsy and insanity in various branches of the Thaw family, declares that he is firmly convinced that Thaw is suffering from paranoia, and that he knew enough to realize the nature and quality of his act when he shot and killed Stanford White, he is now and for some time past has been incapable of understanding the proceedings against him.

Dr. Austin Flint declared in his affidavit that he had been informed by Dr. Bingham, of Pittsburgh, that Thaw's aunt, Mrs. Hersch, was an epileptic. Dr. Flint also declared that Dr. John T. Deemer, of Kittanning, Pa., informed him that N. W. Copley, a brother of Harry Thaw's mother, was an imbecile from birth, and Joseph Copley, another brother, insane and confined in an insane asylum. Dr. Flint adds that Dr. Deemer also told him that John Ross, son of one of the maternal uncles of Harry C. Thaw, was an epileptic from infancy, and prior to his incarceration had maniacal outbreaks, in which he attacked his mother with a chair, and that he also attacked his physician. Dr. Flint expressed the same conclusions as did Dr. McDonald and the other physicians.

The reporter, Cobb, in his affidavit, says that he had been connected with Thaw's dramatic manner of issuing his statement concerning Mr. Jerome's cross-examination of Evelyn Thaw. All these facts were narrated with the time of the incident, and Thaw, at the time, should sign and seal an envelope containing the original of the statement and compare the original with the typewritten copies which were subsequently handed to him for distribution among the other newspaper men at the trial.

District Attorney Jerome occupied most of the time of his examination today in a personal explanation of the reasons which had hindered him from earlier calling the attention of the court to Thaw's present state of mind. He said he had long been convinced that the defendant was of unsound mind, but he had no way of legally bringing the matter to the attention of the court. Dr. Hamilton, upon the stand by the defense, Mr. Jerome said he could not have called Dr. Hamilton on account of the professional privilege which the defendant enjoys, which he has no right to waive any testimony for a lunatic.

It had been on the day that Mr. Deimas would not be in court this afternoon because of the attitude assumed by some of his associates present. However, Attorney Fitzgerald took his place on the bench. Mr. Deimas alone was heard by Justice Fitzgerald. Twice Mr. Hamilton attempted to enter his testimony, but was rapped down by the judge.

THAW WAS CRAZY.

Minister Says He Was of Unsound Mind When a Child.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 21.—When Harry Thaw was a member of my Bible class fifteen years ago every one in Pittsburgh who knew him knew that he evinced mental weakness which greatly distressed his parents.

Dewitt M. Benham, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, made this statement this morning.

"Before he went to college I used to hear of his escapades. He was about nineteen or twenty then, and, although I never saw anything wrong in the boy, all Pittsburgh also knew that Harry was a bit of a nut."

"As this trait of insanity evinced in any other member of the law family," he was asked.

"No," he answered decisively, "that is why it was so noticeable in Harry. The others were very quiet children, all summer and winter, and I was daily contrasted with his brothers and sisters, who were sane, I know, Harry stood out from them as an erratic and a mentally incapable young man."

"Did you ever talk of this to his mother?"

"No; it wasn't a subject which a mother would like to speak of, and it was never mentioned, but there was tacit understanding and every one sympathized with the unfortunate mother."

"Then you would say, doctor, he was asked finally, that Harry Thaw was insane when he killed Stanford White?"

"I would, indeed, being of unbalanced mind at twenty, with the same still undecayed as far as he was concerned, surely his round of pleasurable life did not tend to make his mind better, and therefore I think that if anything he was worse that night by far than he was those fifteen years before."

THAW WANTED TO HEAR ARGUMENT ON LUNACY

NEW YORK, March 21.—Harry K. Thaw had a conference in the court this morning with A. Russell Peabody, of his counsel, over the question whether he (Thaw) should be permitted to hear the argument on the appointment of a lunacy commission to investigate his mental condition. Thaw wanted his counsel to assure him that he would be allowed to attend the hearing in the court this afternoon, but Mr. Peabody did not promise him the desired permission. Thaw's counsel were said to be of the opinion that he ought not to hear the argument.

Thaw's wife and his sister, the Countess of Yarmouth, also visited him today and remained with him for about an hour.

Spring Ailments

Phonies, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, fits of biliousness, indigestion and headache, are some of them.

They are all radically and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which thoroughly cleanses the blood and restores healthy functional activity to the whole system. This spring take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

in liquid or tablet form. 200 Doses \$1.



THIEVES MAKE \$50,000 HAUL

Enter Long Island Country House and Take Everything But the Walls.

THE POLICE ARE BAFFLED GET THAT \$50,000 ANYWAY

Burglars Knew Where Keys Were Kept—Owner Thinks He Knows Thief.

NEW YORK, March 21.—A robbery case at the summer home of Henry Selgel, at Mamaroneck, some time last night has provided a mystery which the police were unable to solve.

Seven paintings, valued at thousands of dollars, bric-a-brac collected at great cost in Europe, and considerable silverware, was stolen. The value of the articles taken was not estimated by members of the family to-day, but in some quarters it was said that the haul would reach over \$50,000. Mrs. Selgel, at Mamaroneck, some time last night, the police were unable to solve.

A curious feature of the case is that the thieves went to a bathroom and secured a key to the dining-room, where the house keys are kept. When they got there the task of opening the locked doors where valuables were stored was easy.

Mrs. Selgel said to-night that she had a suspicion as to the thief, and secured a key to the dining-room, where the house keys are kept. When they got there the task of opening the locked doors where valuables were stored was easy.

MAIL THIEF CONFESSES

Butloss Implicates a Gang of International Robbers, Who Will Be Taken.

FALLS, March 21.—The man named Butloss, arrested here recently with \$42,000 in American securities in his possession, under the suspicion that he was an accomplice of the thieves who stole a mail bag containing \$400,000 on the French Line steamer Le Provence, which arrived at Havre March 6th from New York, has made a confession, implicating a gang of international robbers, as the result of which other arrests are expected in France.

It developed to-day that the majority of the stolen securities are not negotiable, and the loss therefore is comparatively small.

Occurred in France.

NEW YORK, March 21.—One hundred and twenty-five pieces of registered mail were stolen from the pouch which left this city on January 17th on the steamer La Savoie, according to Postmaster Wilcox. When shown the Paris dispatch telling of the robbery, Mr. Wilcox said the fact of the robbery was known here long ago, but as the United States postal authorities hold the French government's receipt for the mail matter, they are satisfied that the robbery took place in France.

"On January 17th a registered pouch containing 125 packages left here, with 3,200 bags of general mail. When this mail reached France the postal authorities there discovered that 125 of the 128 packages had been abstracted. The French government's receipt for 3,200 packages all right, and are satisfied that the robbery took place in France."

Mr. Wilcox said he could form no idea of the value of the 125 pieces of registered mail stolen.

PENROSE ON STAND.

Says Shooting Was Done With High-Power Rifles.

SAN ANTONIO, TEX., March 21.—Major C. W. Penrose, the accused in the court-martial at Fort Sam Houston, was sworn in for the Brownsville trial, and the lack of ill-will between the soldiers and the accused was shown by the fact that he was good to the time of the trial. The witness told of the happenings on the night of the shooting, and of the shooting taken by him to prevent the clash. He said he thought the firing was undoubtedly done with high-power rifles. His story made a strong impression.

Major C. W. Penrose testified to the general good behavior of the negro battalion just before the discharge.

\$18,000 Worth of Jewels Stolen.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Eighteen thousand dollars' worth of jewelry was stolen from the home of Charles Morgan, son of the founder of the Morgan Banking Lines, at his home in Orange, N. J., to-day. Late this afternoon Mrs. Morgan found a drawer in her dressing table disturbed, and investigation showed that her jewel box was missing. It contained a diamond bracelet, valued at \$14,000, two necklaces at \$2,000 each, and many other pieces of jewelry.

"Berry's for Clothes"—for sprightly boys.

IF OUR STYLES ARE NOT THE BEST YOU'VE SEEN YOU MAY "SIC" THE DOG ON THE DUMMY.

We have a weakness for Boys—one of our strongest departments consequently is juvenile clothing.

It's fine to buy and sell and show boys' clothing, because there is such a lovely variety.

Your cherub has not had justice done to him if you've failed to bring him here.

Our Spring Styles are all in.

O. H. Bery & Co.

MAJOR S. R. Tuxton, "Virginia's Knight," Harry S. Tucker, Mr. Tucker was the only guest to respond to a toast.

DATE OF PRIMARY.

Eighth District Committee Will Meet Soon to Fix Time of Contest

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

ALBANY, N. Y., March 21.—The Democratic Congressional District Committee for the Eighth District will, it is expected, meet in this city within the next thirty days for the purpose of selecting a date for the Democratic primary to be held in this district to nominate a candidate for Congress to succeed the late Representative John F. Rixey. It is more than probable that the committee will decide upon a date that will be satisfactory to the majority of the candidates in the field.

The committee is composed of George S. Schuchert, Albany, Orange, Gardner, L. Booth, Alexandria, Thomas H. Lion, Manganese, Greenville, Gales, Waterville, and other places.

Judging from the activity of the candidates, the date for the primary is not far distant.

UNANIMOUS DECISION TO ADVERTISE CITY'S INDUSTRIES AT THE JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PETERSBURG, Va., March 21.—Petersburg will have a first-rate exhibition at the Jamestown Exposition, representative of all its industries and interests.

The meeting was finally and definitely decided to-night at a meeting of all citizens at P. Hill Camp Hall. The meeting was a unit in favor of a large and comprehensive exhibit at the exposition, not only to show the city's industries, but also to show the city's progress and its position as a manufacturing and commercial center.

The committee is composed of George S. Schuchert, Albany, Orange, Gardner, L. Booth, Alexandria, Thomas H. Lion, Manganese, Greenville, Gales, Waterville, and other places.

Judging from the activity of the candidates, the date for the primary is not far distant.

MAYOR—PREACHER.

Rev. Leslie Robinson Receives Call to Church at Weston, W. Va.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

WINCHESTER, Va., March 21.—Rev. Leslie Robinson, pastor of St. Thomas' Episcopal Church, Middletown, and Assistant Minister of the City of Winchester, has received a call from the Episcopal Church at Weston, W. Va., which he expects to accept, and which will place him in a prominent position as the municipal head of Middletown, being Mayor of the town.

The nature of the secret indictments, which were handed yesterday, is being closely guarded by Henry and Burns, but it is rumored that the telephone office is among those named in the true bill.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign is practically admitted by District Attorney Langdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Henry, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the matter.

Among the witnesses called to-day were Frank G. Brum, who is manager for the Toys interests, which seeks to sell to the city the Day City's water project. After leaving the jury room, Brum angrily denied that he had been subpoenaed and followed this denial with a violent attack upon a newspaper photographer, who sought to "take" his picture.

JOHN WRIGHT, SENTENCED TO HANG, MAY BE INNOCENT

Many Believe That He Should Have a New Trial, and That He Was

Convicted by Unreliable Evidence—Negro Bore

Good Character.

By WALTER EDWARD HARRIS

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21.—An unusual amount of interest is being manifested in Washington in the efforts which are being made to save the life of John Wright, the negro of Alexandria county, who has been sentenced to die for having criminally assaulted Miss Mabel Risley, at Luna Park, in Alexandria county, on the 9th of last September. The Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia has refused to grant a new trial to Wright, but James E. Clements, counsel for the condemned man, has filed another petition to the court on next Saturday asking for a rehearing.

Four members of the court were on bench when the case was decided against Wright. A few weeks ago, on that day, the decision was rendered on an even division. Mr. Clements hopes to have a full court hear his petition, and says it is probable that a decision for a new trial will be rendered.

There appears to be many reasons for believing Wright to be innocent of the crime of which he has been convicted. Not only has he borne a good character prior to his being charged with the crime, but the evidence against him does not appear to have been convincing, although the jury reached its verdict just on that point. Wright was convicted chiefly upon the evidence of Miss Risley and a negro named Green. Miss Risley was assaulted, she says, while in the company of a young man named Green, who was with her at the time of the assault. The young man was suffering from a slight contusion on the head at the time of the arrival of persons attracted to the scene of the assault. Miss Risley told the story of the attack, saying that a negro had knocked her escort senseless, outraged her and made his escape. The man was arrested by the police, and was identified by Miss Risley as the man who had assaulted her.

Previously she had identified another negro as the guilty man.

At the trial, Wright was convicted on the evidence of Miss Risley in part, but chiefly, it appears, upon the evidence of Anna Green, a notorious prostitute of this city. This woman had previously identified another man as one who had assaulted her, but the man charged with the crime was an old negro of excellent character, and was being taken to his home by a friend. The woman was identified by Wright as the guilty man, after he had been identified by Miss Risley as the man who had assaulted her at Luna Park.

In addition to being a notoriously debauched character, Anna Green was arrested on a charge of suspicion of having committed a crime named Bony in Alexandria county, across the river from Washington. She charges that Wright killed Bony, and robbed him.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

Mr. Clements believes the negro has not got justice. He thinks he is about to be hanged for a crime he never committed. He believes that the testimony of a woman named Anna Green, who was a prostitute, is not reliable, and that the evidence against Wright is not sufficient to convict him.

Mr. Clements is absolutely convinced of the innocence of his client. He has spent \$200 in the case, although the fee allowed him by the court, which appointed him to defend the negro, was only \$50.

MARIETTA LANDS BLUEJACKETS

American Warships Police the Coast of Central America.

MONROE DOCTRINE MOVE

Mexico and United States Will Intervene Jointly to Stop the War.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21.—Bluejackets and marines have been landed from the United States gunboat Marietta at Trujillo and Colima, and probably at Puerto Cortez, Honduras, in order to protect American interests in those ports. Advertis to this effect were received to-day from Commander Fullam, of the Marietta. As yet no word has been received as to whether forces have been landed at Central American ports on the Pacific coast side, but undoubtedly this step will be taken, as American interests are considered in danger.

The landing of bluejackets and marines and the policing of both shores of the Central American republics with United States gunboats before trading vessels had been molested in any manner of foreign interests jeopardized, is regarded as a diplomatic move that will prevent any international complications growing out of the policy of the United States not to permit European demonstrations in Central American or South American waters.

Landing Bluejackets.
From the marines dispatches received, it appears that Commander Fullam has been cursing up the Honduras coast from east to west. It is understood that he landed a force of about twenty marines from the Marietta at Trujillo and twenty bluejackets at Colima, and then continued his cruise to Puerto Cortez.